

Year 2
Kenya




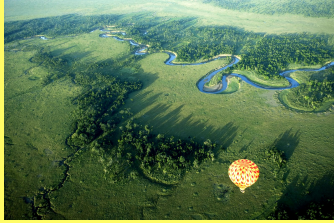


Key vocabulary

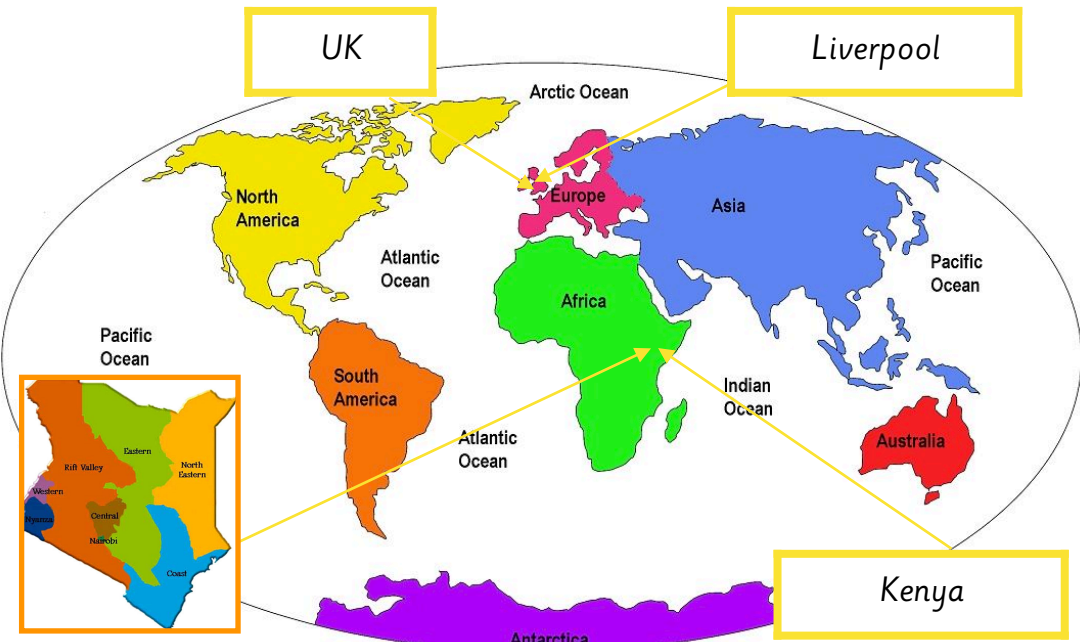
equator	Imaginary line which divides the world into the Northern and Southern Hemispheres.
hemisphere	Half of the earth (northern, southern, eastern, western)
climate	Measurement of temperature, wind, humidity, snow, and rain in a place over a period of years.
humid	When the air feels very hot and wet.
drought	Low rainfall that leads to a shortage of water.
Maasai	A traditional tribe who live in parts Tanzania and Kenya.
nomadic	People who move from place to place with their animals.
poverty	When people don't have enough money for basic needs such as food or water.
shanty town	Hand built towns on the outskirts of cities that are overcrowded and poor.

Important facts

Continent	Africa	Population	50 million
Oceans	Indian Ocean	Highest Mountain	Mount Kenya
Capital	Nairobi	Longest River	Tana River

Kenya is known for...

<p>Maasai</p> 	<p>Nairobi (capital)</p> 	
<p>Maasai Mara Nature Reserve</p> 	<p>Wildlife</p> 	<p>Coffee</p> 



The map displays the world's continents: North America (yellow), South America (orange), Africa (green), Europe (pink), Asia (blue), and Antarctica (purple). Oceans shown include the Arctic, Atlantic, Indian, and Pacific. Kenya is highlighted in purple and labeled with a yellow box. An inset map of Kenya shows its regions: Western, Rift Valley, Central, Nairobi, Coastal, Eastern, and North Eastern. Other locations labeled with yellow boxes include the UK, Liverpool, and Australia.